

Computational Inference of Microbial Genotype-Phenotype Relationships

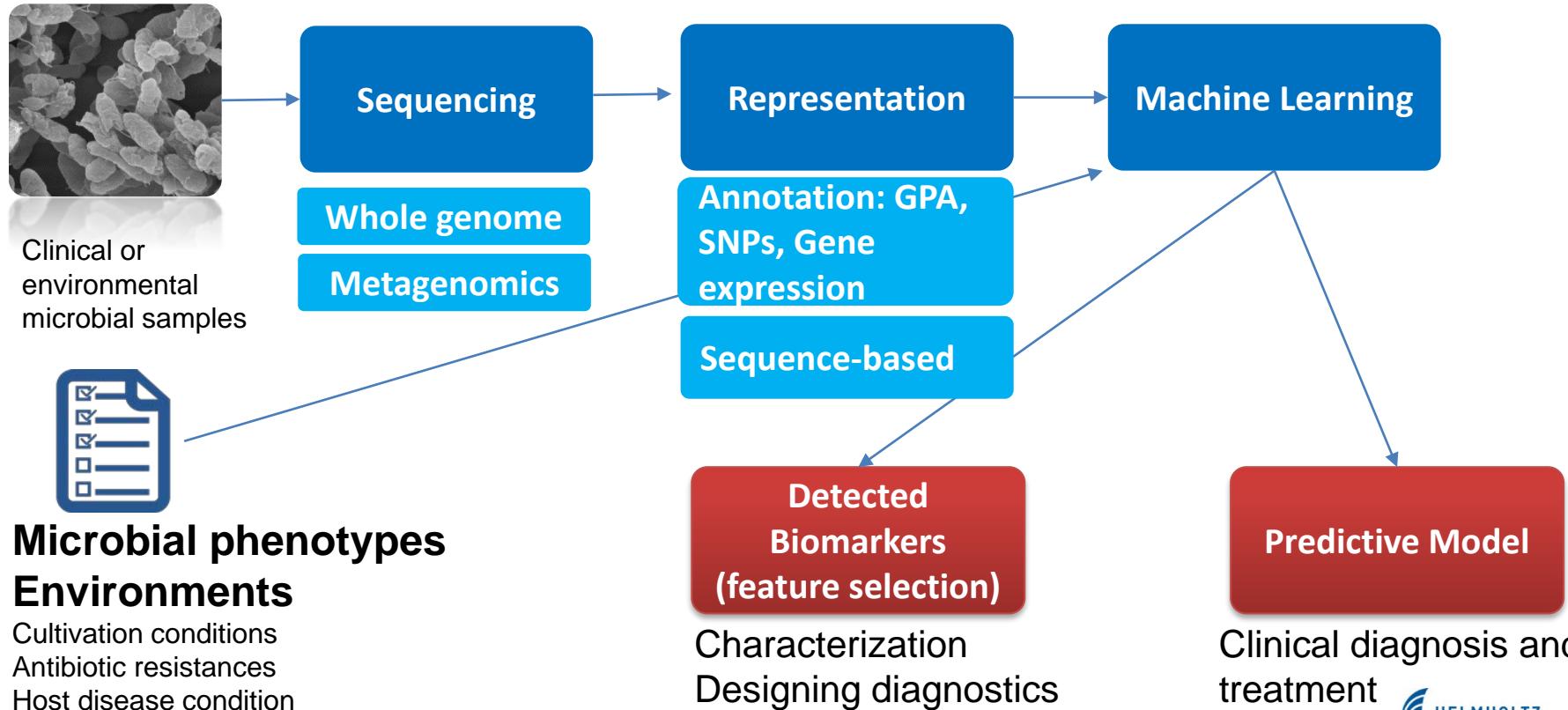
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Towards personalized molecular diagnostics and therapy for infectious diseases

Inferring Genotype-Phenotype and Genotype-Environment associations from microbial omics & biomedical data

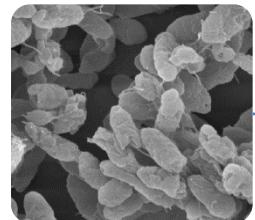
- May indicate biological functions & mechanisms
- Molecular markers
- Support for diagnostic and therapeutic decisions and prognostics

Genotype-Phenotype / Environment Associations



Method overview

Software	Setting	Input	Features	Predictive model	Biomarker detection	Tree inference
TRAITAR	Microbial genomics	Sequences	Gene family presence or absence (GPA)	✓	✓	✗
Seq2Geno2Pheno	Microbial genomics / transcriptomics	Sequence and gene expression levels	Sequences (SNPs, GPA) and expression levels	✓	✓	✓
MicroPheno	16S rRNA amplicon data	Sequences	K-mers	✓	✗	✗
DiTaxa	16S rRNA amplicon data	Sequences	Variable length subsequences	✓	✓	✗



Microbial isolates



Microbial phenotypes

Cultivation conditions
Antibiotic resistances
..

Input

Sequencing

Whole genome

Metagenomics

Representation

Annotation: GPA

Sequence-based

Machine Learning (SVM) + PhyloInference

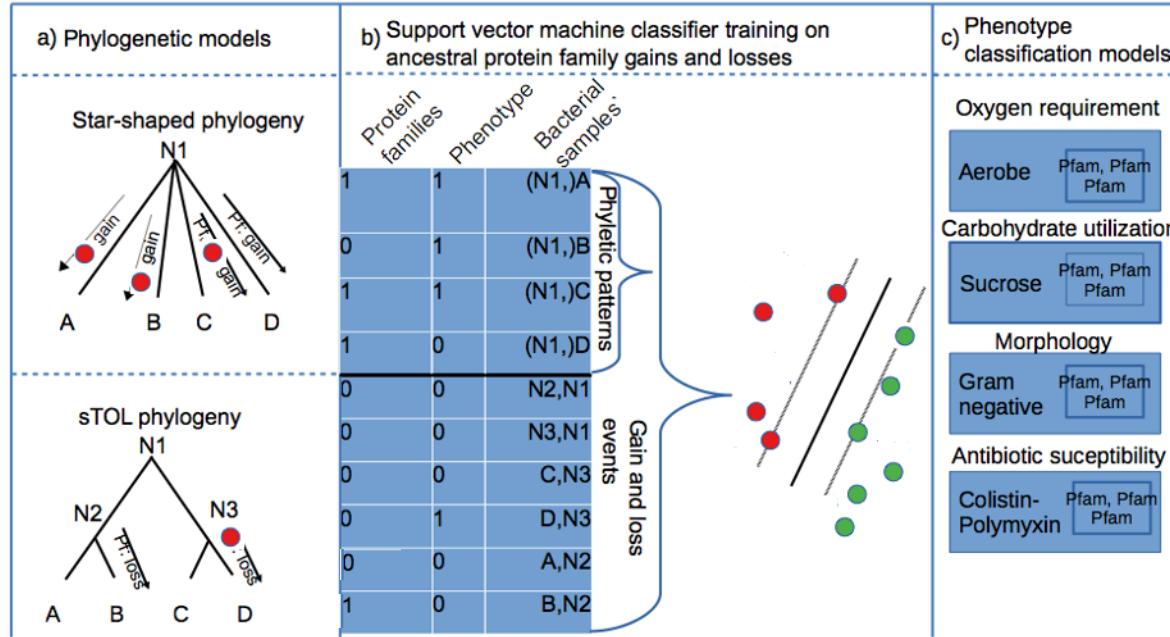
Detected Biomarkers (feature selection)

Characterization
Designing diagnostics

Predictive Model

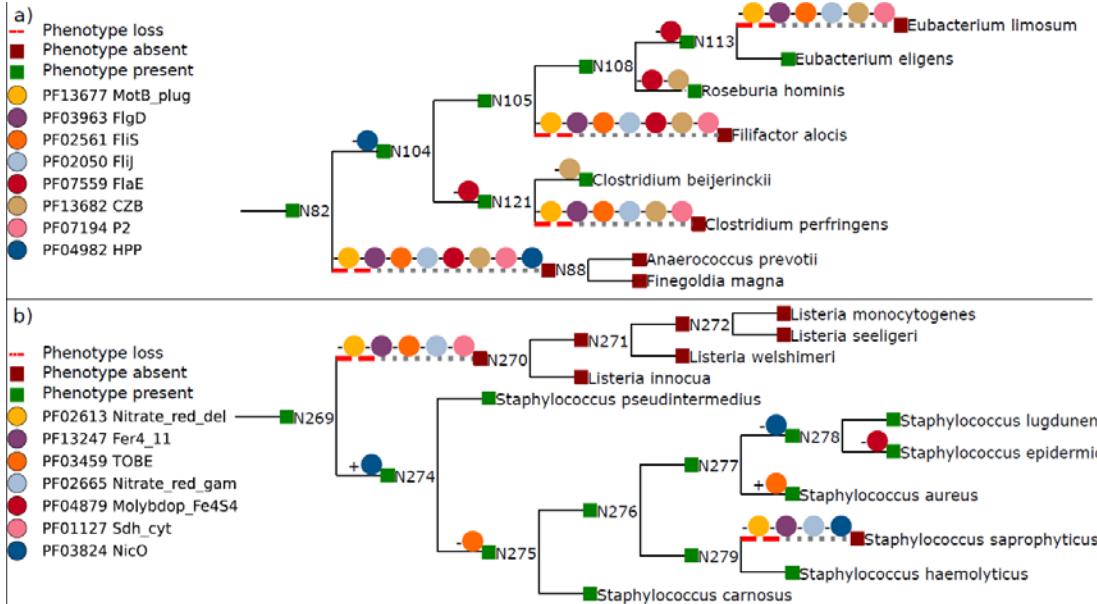
Clinical diagnosis and treatment

Machine learning combined with evolutionary modelling for predicting microbial phenotypes



[Weimann et al., mSystems 2016](#)

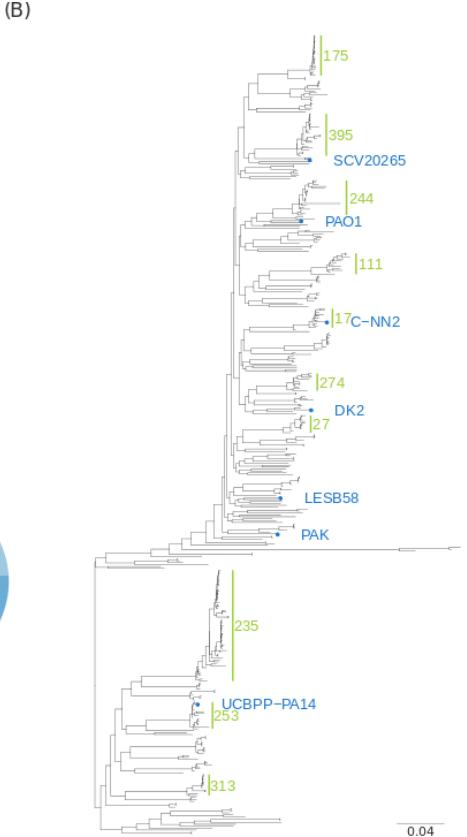
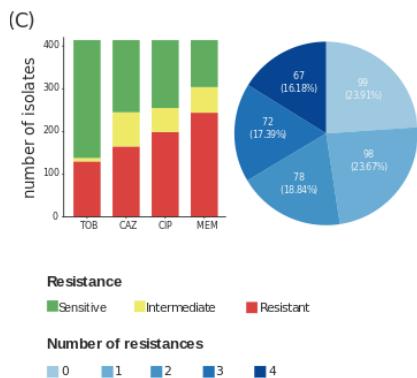
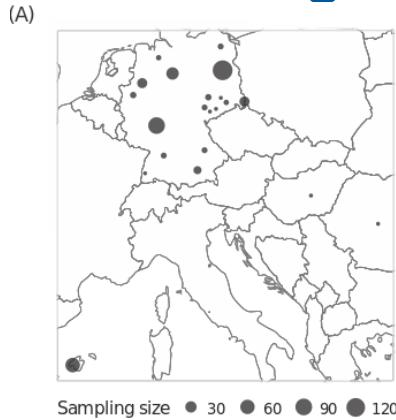
Key protein families for selected phenotypes



Motility

Nitrate reduction

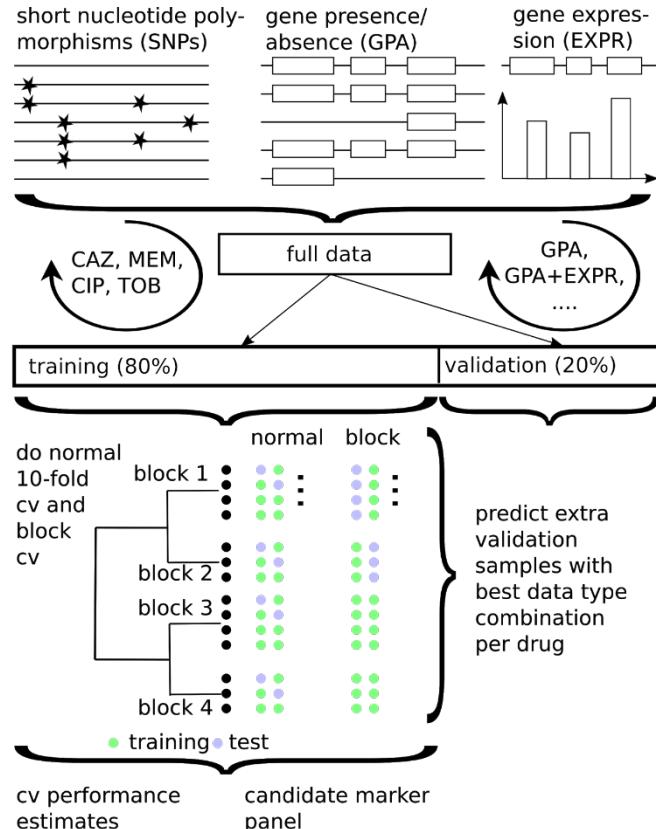
Predicting antimicrobial resistances for *P. aeruginosa*



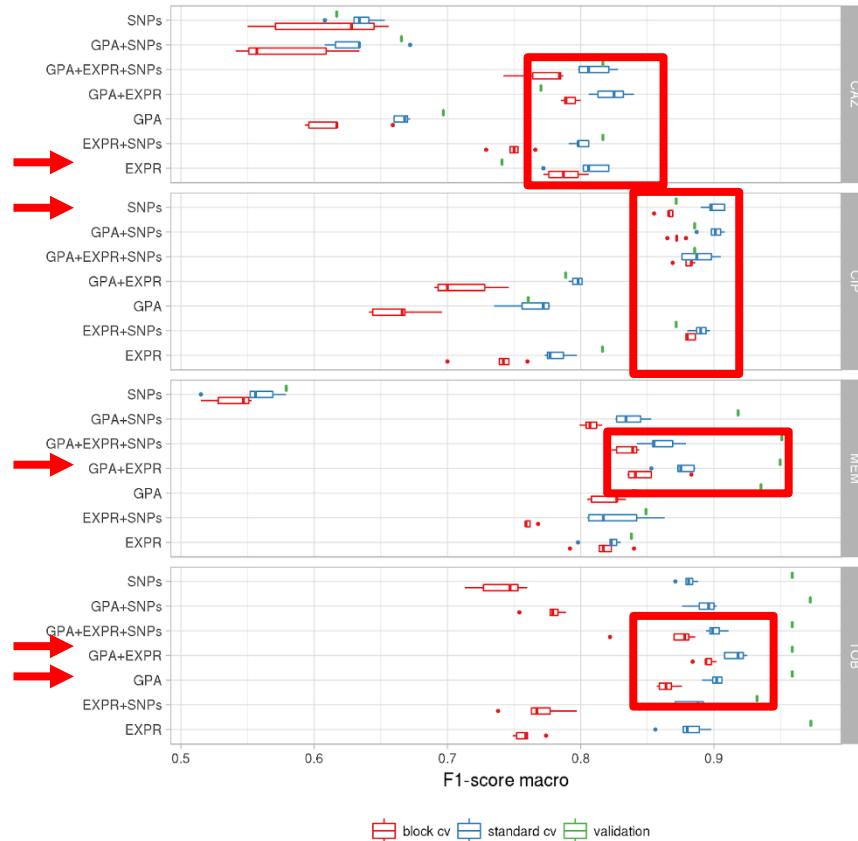
S. Häussler,
HZI

- Bacterial pathogen with multiple AMRs, causing complications e.g. in cystic fibrosis
- 414 clinical isolates
- 4 common antibiotics
- Genome, transcriptome

Seq2Geno2Pheno



Predicting sensitivity / resistance with high recall/precision



Ceftazidime

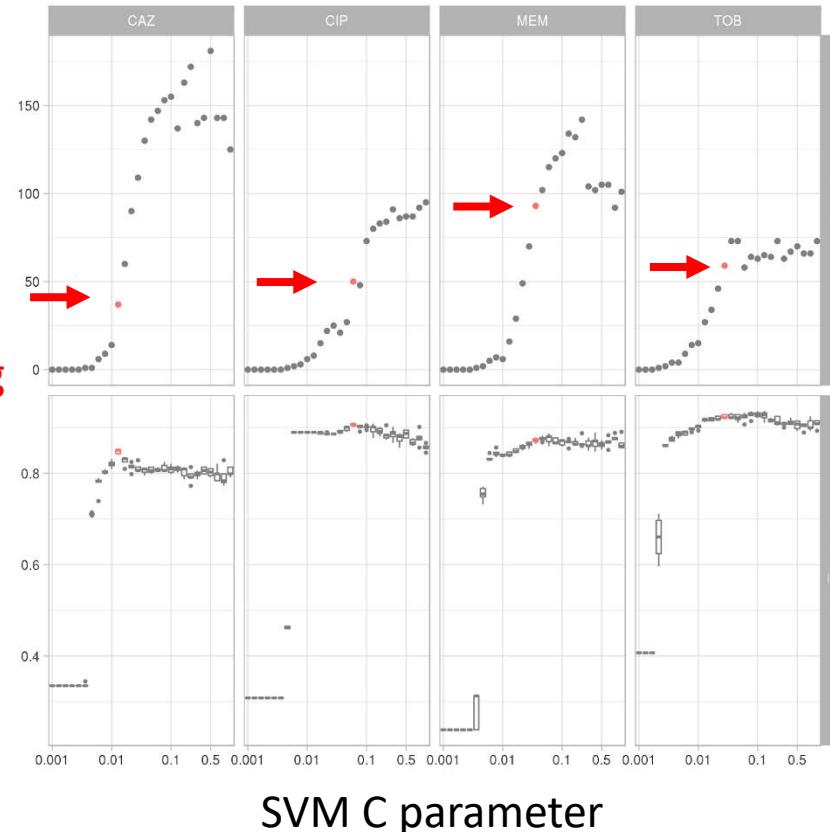
Ciprofloxacin

Meropenem

Tobramycin

.. From few molecular markers

Model with fewest features within 1 std. dev. to best performing model



markers

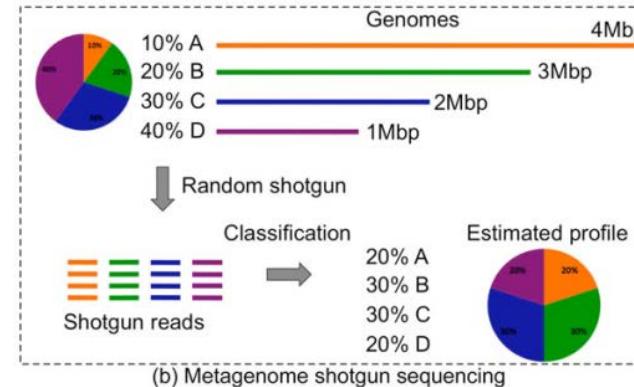
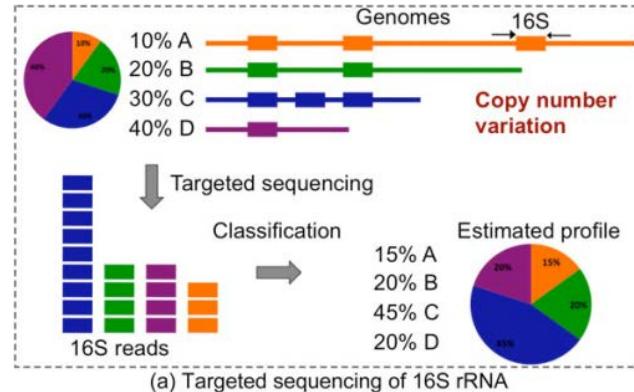
Macro F1-score

Meta-omics - Studying microbial communities by sequencing



Studying microbial communities - the basics

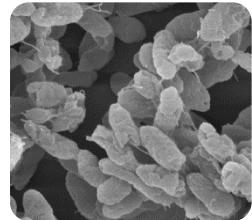
- Who is there? Taxonomic profiling
 - by marker gene (rRNA, ITS regions)
 - shotgun metagenome sequencing



Source: Liu *et al.* (2011)

OTU clustering

- After sequencing, 16S rRNA data are usually clustered into groups of closely related sequences, referred to as Operational Taxonomic Units (OTUs)
 - Computationally expensive, as needs sequence alignment
 - Taxonomically inconsistent
 - Sequence similarities between OTUs are ignored

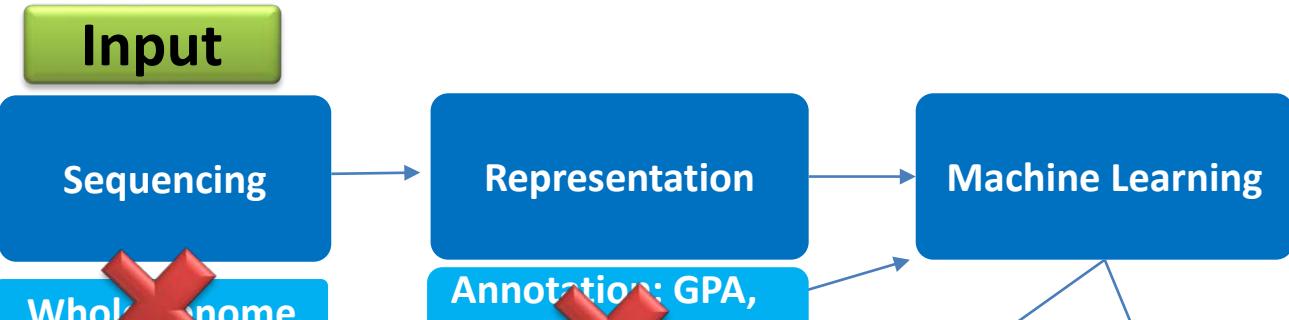


Environmental
microbial samples



Environments
Host disease condition

Asgari et al., [Bioinformatics](#) 2019



Whole genome
Metagenomics:
16S rRNA

**Annotation: GPA,
SNPs, Gene
expression**
**Sequence-based:
variable length**

Machine Learning

**Detected
Biomarkers
(feature selection)**

Characterization
Designing diagnostics

Predictive Model

Clinical diagnosis and
treatment

DiTaxa: biomarker detection from 16S rRNA



- Inference of variable length features using Nucleotide-Pair Encoding (NPE)
- Better than OTUs in detecting differential taxa for host disease phenotypes, and for host disease phenotype prediction

w. M. Mofrad
UC Berkeley

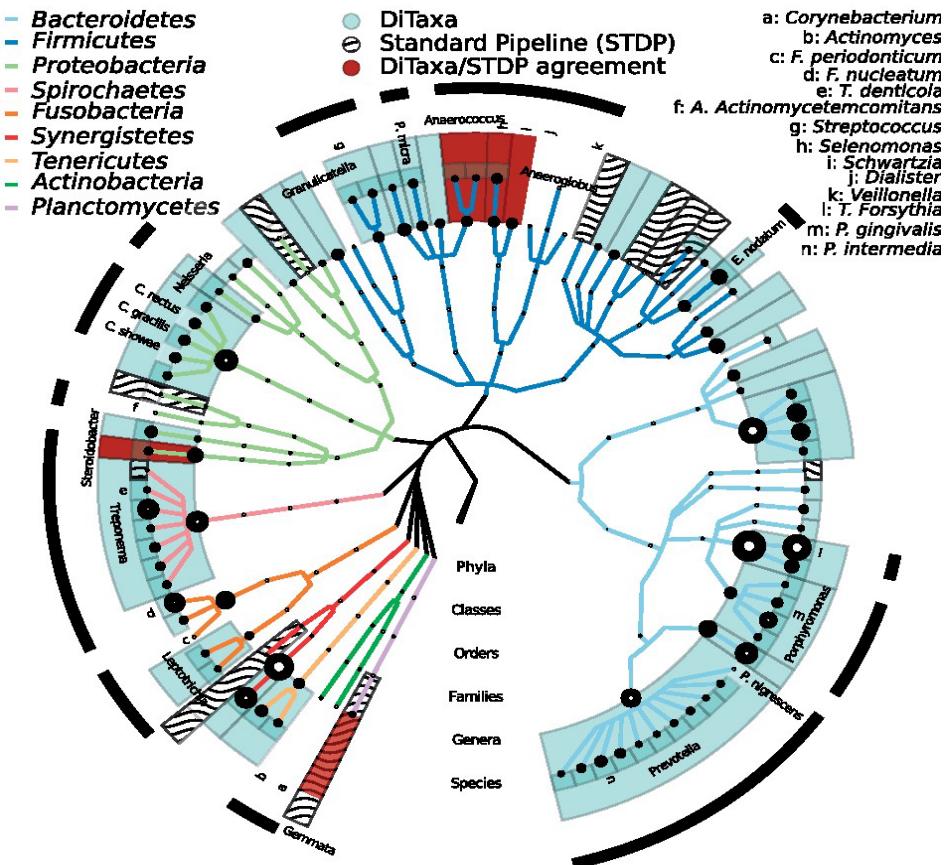
Table 2. The results of DiTaxa and the standard pipeline (STDP) in marker detection for the synthetic dataset.

Method	Precision	Recall	F1
DiTaxa	1	1	1
STDP	0.905	0.898	0.901

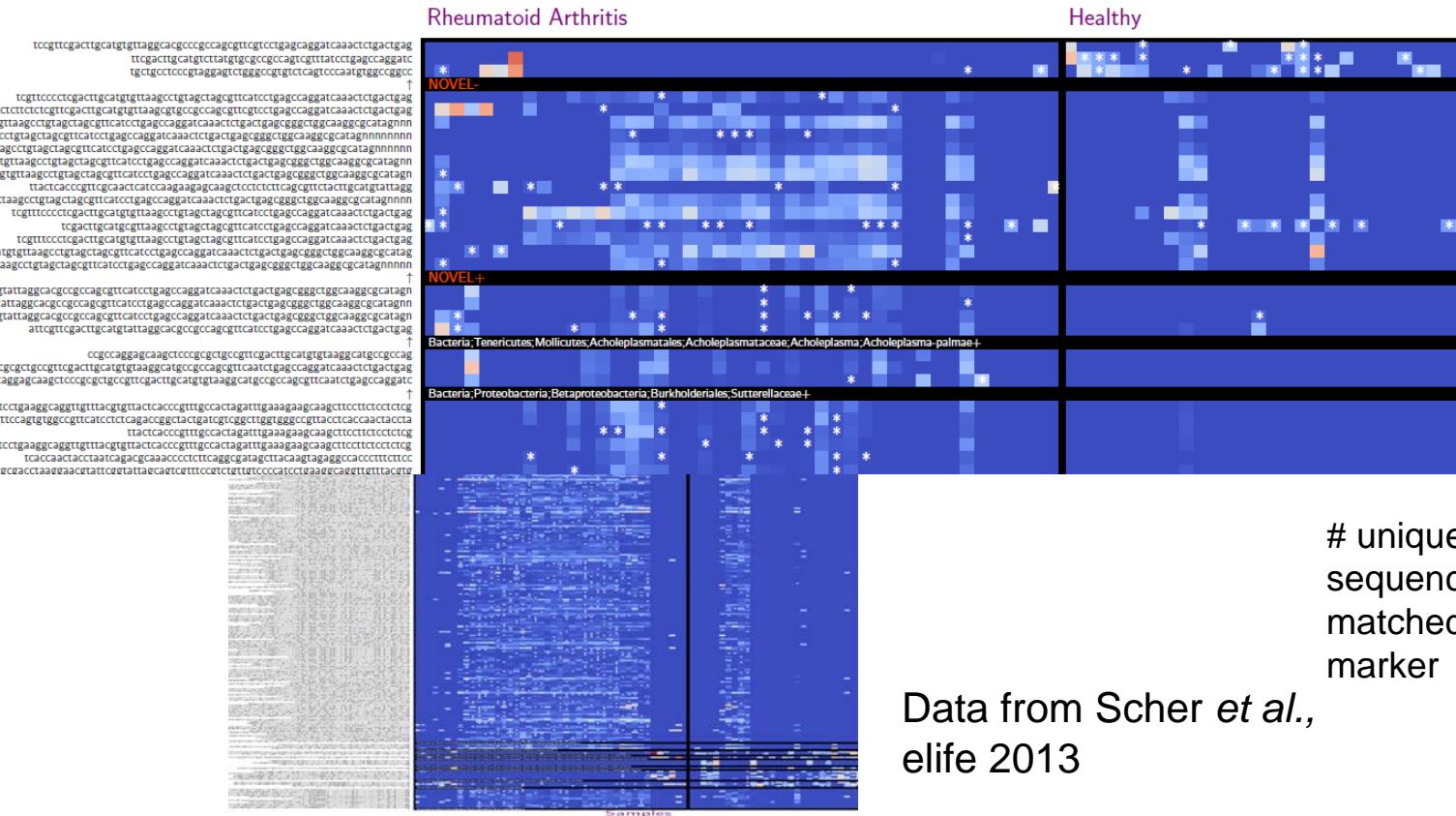
Microbial markers for periodontal disease

Table 3. The results of DiTaxa and the standard pipeline (STDP) in marker detection in comparison with literature of periodontal disease.

Method	True Positive Count	Recall
DiTaxa	13 out of 29	0.59
STDP	3 out of 29	0.10



Healthy versus new onset RA



Critical Assessment of Metagenome Interpretation

Towards a
comprehensive and
objective evaluation
of computational
metagenomics
software



Alice McHardy



Alex Sczyrba



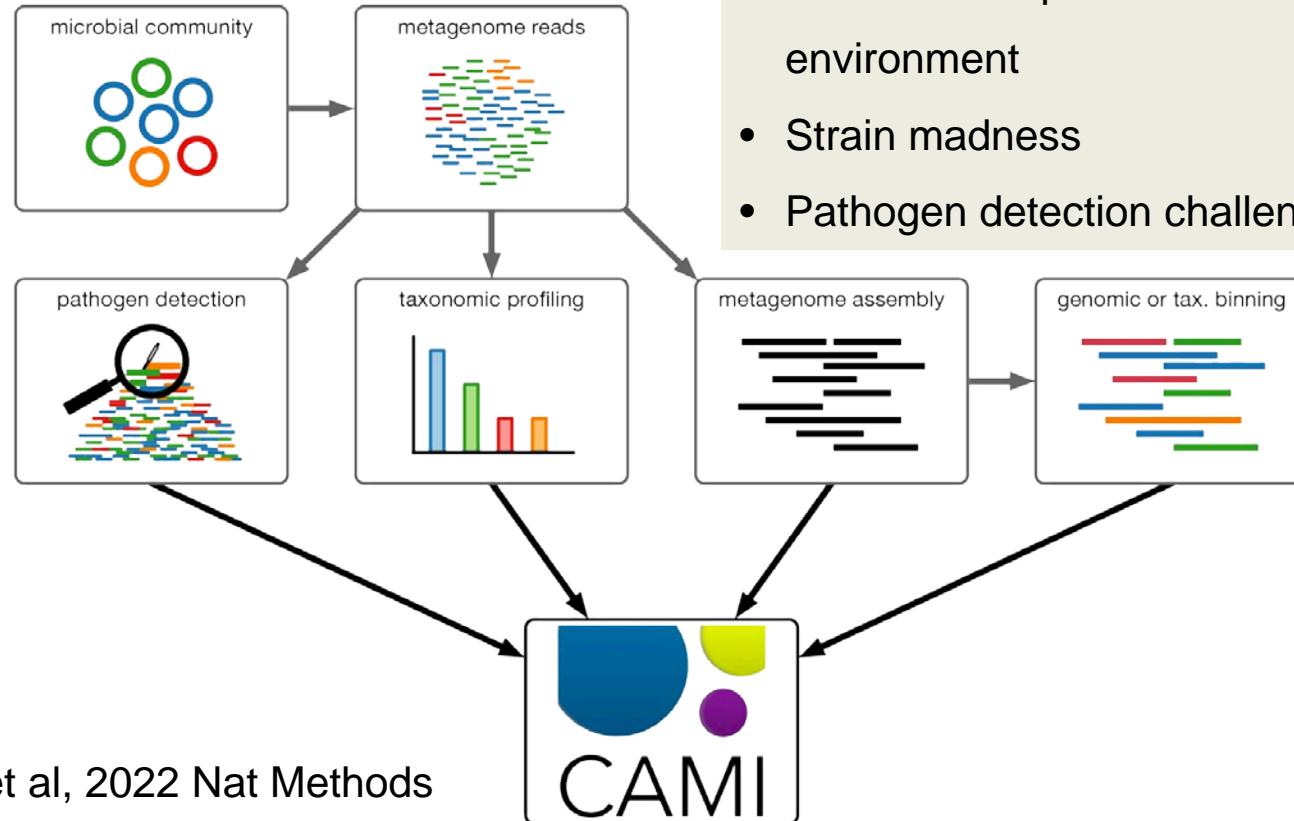
Thomas Rattei

Critical Assessment of Metagenome Interpretation—a benchmark of metagenomics software

Alexander Sczyrba^{1,2,48}, Peter Hofmann^{3–5,48}, Peter Belmann^{1,2,4,5,48}, David Koslicki⁶, Stefan Janssen^{4,7,8}, Johannes Dröge^{3–5}, Ivan Gregor^{3–5}, Stephan Majda^{3,47}, Jessika Fiedler^{3,4}, Eik Dahms^{3–5}, Andreas Bremges^{1,2,4,5,9}, Adrian Fritz^{4,5}, Ruben Garrido-Oter^{3–5,10,11}, Tue Sparholz Jorgensen^{12–14}, Nicole Shapiro¹⁵, Philip D Blood¹⁶, Alexey Gurevich¹⁷, Yang Bai^{10,47}, Dmitrij Turaev¹⁸, Matthew Z DeMaere¹⁹, Rayan Chikhi^{20,21}, Niranjan Nagarajan²², Christopher Quince²³, Fernando Meyer^{4,5}, Monika Balvočiūtė²⁴, Lars Hestbjerg Hansen¹², Søren J Sørensen¹³, Burton K H Chia²², Bertrand Denis²², Jeff L Froula¹⁵, Zhong Wang¹⁵, Robert Egan¹⁵, Dongwan Don Kang¹⁵, Jeffrey J Cook²⁵, Charles Deltel^{26,27}, Michael Beckstette²⁸, Claire Lemaitre^{26,27}, Pierre Peterlongo^{26,27}, Guillaume Rizk^{27,29}, Dominique Lavenier^{21,27}, Yu-Wei Wu^{30,31}, Steven W Singer^{30,32}, Chirag Jain³³, Marc Strous³⁴, Heiner Klingenberg¹⁵, Peter Meinicke³⁵, Michael D Barton¹⁵, Thomas Lingner³⁶, Hsin-Hung Lin³⁷, Yu-Chieh Liao³⁷, Genivaldo Gueiros Z Silva³⁸, Daniel A Cuevas³⁸, Robert A Edwards³⁸, Surva Saha³⁹, Vitor C Piro^{40,41}, Bernhard Y Renard⁴⁰, Mihai Pop^{42,43}, Hans-Peter Klenk⁴⁴, Markus Göker⁴⁵, Rattei¹⁸ & Alice C McHardy^{3,5,11}

Sczyrba et al, 2017 Nat Methods

CAMI 2 Challenge



Meyer et al, 2022 Nat Methods

Summary and Outlook

- Personalized infection medicine (e.g. pathogen & AMR analyses)
- Molecular markers (e.g. AMR diagnostics, generic microbial phenotypes, microbiome-related diseases)
 - may indicate functional basis
- Shotgun metaOmics
 - increasing resolution of taxonomic analyses
 - functional markers, genomic context
 - improving sensitivity & turnaround time relative to culture-based analyses

Acknowledgements

- **E. Asgari** (BIFO / UC Berkeley)
- **A. Weimann**
- T.-H. Kuo
- **F. Meyer**
- T.R. Lesker
- P. Münch
- Z.-L. Deng, K. Hu
- **A. Fritz**
- N. Saffaei, B. Junk
- S. Häussler and lab (HZI)
- M. Mofrad (UC Berkeley)
- S. Szafranski (MHH)
- A. Sczyrba, J. Kalinowski (U. Bielefeld)

CAMI II Contributors

F. Meyer, A. Fritz, Z.-L. Deng, D. Koslicki, A. Gurevich, G. Robertson, T.-R. Lesker, M. Alser, D. Antipov, F. Beghini, D. Bertrand, J.J. Brito, C.T. Brown, J. Buchmann, A. Buluç, B. Chen, R. Chikhi, P.T.L.C. Clausen, A. Cristian, P.W. Dabrowski, A.E. Darling, R. Egan, E. Eskin, E. Georganas, E. Goltsman, M.A. Gray, L.H. Hansen, S. Hofmeyr, P. Huang, L. Irber, H. Jia, T.S. Jørgensen, S.D. Kieser, T. Klemetsen, A. Kola, M. Kolmogorov, A. Korobeynikov, J. Kwan, N. LaPierre, C. Lemaitre, C. Li, A. Limasset, F. Malcher-Miranda, S. Mangul, V.R. Marcelino, C. Marchet, P. Marijon, D. Meleshko, D.R. Mende, A. Milanese, N. Nagarajan, J. Nissen, S. Nurk, L. Oliker, L. Paoli, P. Peterlongo, V.C. Piro, J.S. Porter, S. Rasmussen, E.R. Rees, K. Reinert, B. Renard, E.M. Robertsen, G.L. Rosen, H.-J. Ruscheweyh, V. Sarwal, N. Segata, E. Seiler, L. Shi, F. Sun, S. Sunagawa, S.J. Sørensen, A. Thomas, C. Tong, M. Trajkovski, J. Tremblay, G. Uritskiy, R. Vicedomini, Zi. Wang , Zhe. Wang, Zho. Wang, A. Warren, N.P. Willassen, K. Yelick, R. You, G. Zeller, Z. Zhao, S. Zhu, J. Zhu, R. Garrido-Oter, P. Gastmeier, S. Hacquard, S. Häußler, A. Khaledi, F. Maechler, F. Mesny, S. Radutoiu, P. Schulze-Lefert, N. Smit, T. Strowig, A. Bremges, A. Sczyrba, A.C. McHardy



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